



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and 453/2010 (REACH)

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### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND COMPANY

**Trademark:** XENOY™  
**Product Code:** HX5600HP - 8H5D178

**Product Description:** Blend Polycarbonate [CASRN 25971-63-5] / Polybutyleneterephthalate [CASRN 30965-26-5]  
**Product Type:** Commercial Product  
**Recommended use:** May be used to produce molded or extruded articles or as a component of other industrial products.

**Company:** SABIC Innovative Plastics B.V.  
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P.O. Box 117  
4600 AC Bergen op Zoom  
The Netherlands

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## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The additives in this product (if any) are bound in a thermoplastic resin matrix. In accordance with GHS for the classification of the product, the hazard potential may be assessed with respect to the physico-chemical form and/or bioavailability of the individual components in the thermoplastic resin.

Where GHS classifications are shown below, these are based on the individual components in the thermoplastic resin matrix. Under the typical use conditions for the resin, these hazardous components are unlikely to contribute to workplace exposure. Please read the entire safety data sheet and/or consult an EHS professional for a complete understanding.

Classification of the substance or mixture

### **REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008**

**Not hazardous**

Not classified

**Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC**

### **CLP/GHS-Labeling**

GHS Labeling not required

### **Precautionary Statements**

No GHS specific Precautionary Statements required - observe all other warnings and handling instructions in this SDS.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

### **SABIC Emergency Overview**

- Pellets with slight or no odor
- Spilled material may create slipping hazard
- Can burn in a fire creating dense, toxic smoke
- Molten plastic can cause severe thermal burns
- Fumes produced during melt processing may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation. Severe over-exposure may result in nausea, headache, chills, and fever. See below for additional effects.
- Secondary operations, such as grinding, sanding, or sawing can produce dust which may present an explosion or respiratory hazard.

#### **Other Information:**

Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten material. Heating can release hazardous gases. Hazardous fumes can also occur in post-processing operations.

#### **Processing Issues:**

Processing vapors may cause irritation to the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. In cases of severe exposure, nausea and headache can also occur. Grease-like processing vapor condensates on ventilation ductwork, molds, and other surfaces can cause irritation and injury to skin.

#### **Aggravated Medical Conditions:**

**MEDICAL RESTRICTIONS:** There are no known health effects aggravated by exposure to this product. However, certain sensitive individuals and individuals with respiratory impairments may be affected by exposure to components in the processing vapors.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product Type Mixture

#### HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight %	Classification (67/548/EEC):	GHS Classification (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]:
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5	R23-33-36/37/38/25-29	

For the full text of the H-statements, if mentioned in this section, see Section 16.

The non-hazardous components and exact percentage (concentration) of the composition have been withheld as a trade secret.

This product consists primarily of high molecular weight polymers which are not expected to be hazardous. The ingredients in this product are present within the polymer matrix and are not expected to be hazardous.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

<b>If Inhalation:</b>	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
<b>On skin contact:</b>	Immediately cool the skin by rinsing with cold water after contact with hot material. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
<b>On contact with eyes:</b>	Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
<b>On ingestion:</b>	Not probable due to nature of the product. If a large amount of pellet material is swallowed, consult a physician for medical treatment. No hazards which require special first aid measures.
<b>Precautions:</b>	Processing vapors inhalation may be irritating to the respiratory tract. If symptoms are experienced remove victim from the source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice. Cool molten product on skin with plenty of water. Do not remove solidified product. Do not peel polymer from the skin.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Autoignition Temperature:** 360°C (680°F) estimated

**Explosive Limits**

**upper:** Not determined  
**lower:** Not determined

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or "alcohol" foam. Water is the best extinguishing medium. Carbon dioxide and dry chemical are not generally recommended because their lack of cooling capacity may permit re-ignition on larger resin fires (blobs, drools, etc.)

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media for Safety Reasons:** Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products, carbon oxides, hydrocarbons fragments.

**Hazards from Combustion Products:** Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products, carbon oxides, hydrocarbon fragments.

**Specific Hazards:** Take precautionary measures against static discharges. During processing, dust may form explosive mixture in air. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

**Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (EU: NEN-EN137)

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Clean up:** Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Do not create a powder cloud by using a brush or compressed air.

**Personal Precautions:** See section 8.

**Environmental Precautions:** Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Material should not be released into the environment.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation and dust collection at machinery. Avoid dust formation. All metal parts of the mixing and processing equipment must be earthed.

**Storage:** Store in closed container in a dry and cool area. Keep away from heat sources and sources of ignition.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Exposure limits:

No components with information, unless noted below

Chemical Name	Brazil NR15	Argentina Annex III	ACGIH	US OSHA PEL (8 Hr)	SABIC Recommend (8 Hr)*
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	No Information	No Information	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; Notations: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen ; Crit Eff: Lower respiratory tract irritation	FRL_TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Respirable fraction , 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Total dust ; TL_PEL: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Respirable fraction , 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Total dust	No Information

\*SABIC Recommended Exposure Limits have been established for certain chemicals.

### Engineering Measures to Reduce Exposure:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Provide for appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Processing fume condensate may be a fire hazard and toxic; remove periodically from exhaust hoods, ductwork, and other surfaces using appropriate personal protection. Polybutyleneterephthalate fumes and condensates may contain trace quantities of tetrahydrofuran (typically less than 1 ppm, see section 2, 3 and 11). In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

### Hand Protection:

Protective gloves should be worn. (EU: NEN-EN 374).

### Eye Protection:

Safety glasses with side-shields or chemical goggles. In addition, use full-face shield when cleaning processing vapor condensates from hood, ducts, and other surfaces. Safety glasses with side-shields. (EU: NEN-EN 165-166).

### Respiratory Protection:

When using this product at elevated temperatures, implement engineering systems, administrative controls or a respiratory protection program (including a respirator approved for protection from organic vapors, acid, gases, and particulate matter) if processing vapors are not adequately controlled or operators experience symptoms of overexposure. If dust or powder are produced from secondary operations such as sawing or grinding, use a respirator approved for protection from dust. In the case of hazardous fumes, wear self contained breathing apparatus. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. (EU: NEN-EN149).

### Body Protection:

Long sleeved clothing. (EU: NEN-EN 340-369-465).

### Hygiene Measures:

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:	Solid
Appearance:	Pellets
Color:	Same as color code
Odor:	None or slight None
Melting point/range:	This product does not exhibit a sharp melting point but softens gradually over a wide range of temperatures. Various
Autoignition Temperature:	360°C (680°F) estimated
Vapor Pressure:	Negligible
Water Solubility:	Insoluble
Evaporation Rate:	Negligible
Specific gravity:	>1; (water = 1)
Explosive Limits	
upper:	Not determined
lower:	Not determined
VOC content (%):	Negligible

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under ambient conditions. Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	Avoid temperatures above 360 °C. To avoid thermal decomposition, avoid elevated temperatures. Heating can result in the formation of gaseous decomposition products, some of which may be hazardous. Do not exceed melt temperature recommendations in product literature. Purgings of hot material should be collected in small, flat, thin shapes and quenched with water to allow for rapid cooling. Do not allow product to remain in barrel at elevated temperatures for extended periods of time. Avoid temperatures above 630°C.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Process vapors under recommended processing conditions may include trace levels of hydrocarbons, tetrahydrofuran (THF), aliphatic aldehydes, phenols, alkylphenols, diarylcarbonates, Traces of phenol.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>LD50/oral/rat:</b>	>5000 mg/kg
<b>LD50/dermal/rabbit:</b>	>2000 mg/kg
<b>Subchronic Toxicity:</b>	No information available
<b>Primary Irritation:</b>	Substance does not generally irritate and is only mildly irritating to the skin
<b>IARC:</b>	Not listed
<b>OSHA:</b>	Not regulated
<b>NTP:</b>	<p>Tetrahydrofuran: In 2-year carcinogenicity bioassays conducted by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), mice and rats (50/sex/group) were exposed to concentrations of 0, 200, 600, or 1,800 ppm via inhalation 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 104 weeks. Under the conditions of these 2-year inhalation studies, there was some evidence of carcinogenic activity of tetrahydrofuran in male F344/N rats based on increased incidences of renal tubule adenoma or carcinoma (combined) at 600 and 1,800 ppm. There was no evidence of carcinogenic activity of tetrahydrofuran in female F344/N rats exposed to 200, 600, or 1,800 ppm or male B6C3F1 mice exposed to 200, 600, or 1,800 ppm. There was clear evidence of carcinogenic activity of tetrahydrofuran in female B6C3F1 mice based on increased incidences of hepatocellular neoplasms observed at 1,800 ppm. Not tested</p>
<b>Remarks:</b>	The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition
<b>Special Studies:</b>	<p>PROCESSING FUMES: Processing fumes evolved at recommended processing conditions may contain trace amounts of tetrahydrofuran (typically less than 1 ppm). Extreme processing conditions or temperatures may result in higher levels. See section 8 for appropriate exposure controls and personal protection. In 2-year carcinogenicity bioassays conducted by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), mice and rats (50/sex/group) were exposed to tetrahydrofuran at concentrations of 0, 200, 600, or 1,800 ppm via inhalation 6 hours/day, 5 days/week for 104 weeks. Under the conditions of these 2-year inhalation studies, there was some evidence of carcinogenic activity of tetrahydrofuran in male F344/N rats based on increased incidences of renal tubule adenoma or carcinoma (combined) at 600 and 1,800 ppm. There was no evidence of carcinogenic activity of tetrahydrofuran in female F344/N rats exposed to 200, 600, or 1,800 ppm or male B6C3F1 mice exposed to 200, 600, or 1,800 ppm. There was clear evidence of carcinogenic activity of tetrahydrofuran in female B6C3F1 mice based on increased incidences of hepatocellular neoplasms observed at 1,800 ppm. Titanium Dioxide: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined titanium dioxide to be a possible human carcinogen (class 2B) based on evidence in experimental animals. Rats exposed to high doses of titanium dioxide by inhalation or intratracheal instillation showed an increased incidence of lung tumors.</p>

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Ecotoxicity Effects:</b>	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
<b>Other information:</b>	Ecological damages are not known or expected under normal use.
<b>Ecotoxicity - Invertebrate Data:</b>	Ecological damages are not known or expected under normal use.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste from residues / unused products:**

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.  
Descartar em conformidade com as legislação locais.

**EWC waste disposal no:**

702 - waste from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use of  
plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**Transport Classification:**

Not regulated as hazardous for shipment, unless noted below, under current transportation  
guidelines.

DOT

ADR/RID/ADN

IMDG

ICAO

IATA-DGR

ANTT 420



## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This substance is classified and labelled according to Annex I of Directive 67/548/EEC, as amended.

### International Inventories:

TSCA (USA):	Listed
DSL (Canada):	Listed
EINECS/ELINCS (Europe):	Listed
ENCS (Japan):	Listed
IECSC (China):	Listed
KECL (Korea):	Listed
PICCS (Philippines):	Listed
AICS (Australia):	Listed
NZIoC (New Zealand):	Listed
REACH Information:	For this product's REACH related information, please contact <a href="mailto:webinquiries@sabic.com">webinquiries@sabic.com</a>

### Other Inventory Information:

A "Listed" entry above means all chemical components are on the respective inventory list and/or a qualifying exemption exists for one or more components. A "Not listed" entry above indicates one or more components is restricted from import or manufacture into that country/region. Articles are exempt from registration and are therefore not listed on the national chemical inventories.

### SVHC (REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 and 453/2010, as amended):

This product does not intentionally contain SVHC chemicals except as noted below. Incidental amounts of impurities, if present, would be below the threshold limit of 0.1% by weight.

### California Proposition 65:

Components in this product known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive effects, are listed below:

Chemical Name	Weight %	California Proposition 65:
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	1-5	Listed: September 2, 2011 Carcinogenic. (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)
Nickel antimony titanium oxide yellow 8007-18-9	0.01-0.10	Listed: May 7, 2004 Carcinogenic. (as nickel compounds)
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (bisphenol A) 80-05-7	≤100 ppm	Listed: May 11, 2015 Type of Toxicity: Female
Methylene chloride 75-09-2	≤ 10ppm	Type of Toxicity: cancer
Carbon black 1333-86-4	≤ 10ppm	Listed: February 21, 2003 Carcinogenic. (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)

### RoHS EU Directive 2011/65/EU:

The subject product is in compliance with EU RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU. All below chemicals are not employed in the manufacture of the product: a.Cadmium and its compounds, b.Lead and its compounds, c.Mercury and its compounds, d.Hexavalent chromium compounds, e.Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs), f.Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs including Deca-BDE). The trace levels of heavy metals may be present as impurities within threshold limits (<0.1% for Pb, Hg, Cr VI, and <0.01% for Cd). We are disclosing this information, to the best of our knowledge, based upon data from our raw material manufacturers.

### HMIS Rating

Health: 0

Flammability: 1

Reactivity: 0

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

SABIC and brands marked with <sup>TM</sup> are trademarks of SABIC or its subsidiaries or affiliates.



Visit our public website to search, view and print Safety Data Sheets for commercial products:

<http://eur.sabic-ip.com/ordeur/pages/msds/MSDSSearch.jsp?app=sabic-ip>

**SDS Scope:**

Europe: Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010.

This document is also applicable in other countries and regions.

**Prepared by:** Product Stewardship & Toxicology

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**